EFFECTIVE WIND VELOCITY FORMULA SHEET a

A minimum 75 mph Effective Wind Velocity be used for determining ballast requirements. Refer to page 270 for ballast requirements and general notes.

$V_e = (C1) (C2) (V)$

 V_e = Effective Wind Velocity at centerline of antenna for calculating required ballast.

C1 = Importance factor coefficient from Table 1.

C2 = Combined exposure and gust effect factor coefficient from Table 2.

V = Design ground wind speed for location, per ANSI/TIA-222-G.

	Table 1: Values of C1 Roof Height				
Class	Description for installing considering height, use or location	≤ 60 ft.	> 60 ft.		
	Low hazard to human life and/or damage to property, optional services provided.	1.29	0.93		
П	Significant hazard to human life and/or damage to property, services available by other means.	1.38	1.00		
III	Substantial hazard to human life and/or damage to property, essential services provided.	1.48	1.07		

Exposure	Description of Surrounding Terrain			
	Urban and suburban areas, wooded areas, or			
	other terrain with numerous closely spaced			
В	obstructions having the size of single-family			
	dwellings or larger.			
	Open terrain with scattered obstructions having			
C	heights generally less than 30' [9.1m], including			
	flat, open country and grasslands.			
	Flat, unobstructed shorelines exposed to wind			
D	flowing over open water, smooth mud flats, salt			
	flats, and other similar terrain.			

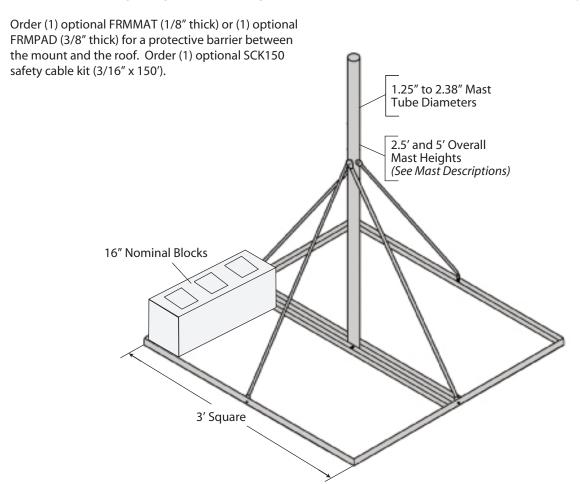
Example: 30' antenna elevation, 90 mph design ground wind speed, Class I, Exposure B	
V _e = (1.29) (0.82) (90) = 95 mph	
The minimum Effective Wind Velocity for determining ballast requirements for this example would be 95 mph.	

This data sheet is provided to assist consumers in determining the minimum Effective Wind Velocity to be used for determining ballast requirements from a Non-Penetrating Roof Mount Ballast Chart. Higher velocities may be required for sites located on hills, escarpments or ridges (refer to ANSI/TIA-222-G). Potential increases in wind velocity due to channeling, roof projections and other obstructions must also be considered. The information shown should not be relied upon without competent professional examination and verification of its accuracy and suitability for a specific site or application.

Table 2: Values of C2					
Antenna	Exposure				
Centerline	В	С	D		
Elevation Above Ground Level (ft.)	Urban or Wooded Areas	Open Country & Grasslands	Open Water or Smooth Terrain		
0-15	0.82	0.90	0.99		
20	0.82	0.92	1.01		
25	0.82	0.95	1.04		
30	0.82	0.96	1.05		
40	0.85	0.99	1.08		
50	0.88	1.02	1.10		
60	0.90	1.04	1.12		
70	0.92	1.05	1.13		
80	0.94	1.07	1.14		
90	0.95	1.09	1.16		
100	0.97	1.10	1.17		
120	0.99	1.12	1.19		
140	1.02	1.14	1.20		
160	1.04	1.15	1.21		
180	1.05	1.17	1.23		
200	1.07	1.18	1.24		
250	1.10	1.21	1.26		
300	1.13	1.23	1.28		
350	1.16	1.25	1.30		
400	1.18	1.27	1.31		
450	1.20	1.29	1.33		
500	1.22	1.30	1.34		

FRM NON-PENETRATING

The FRM mount is a lightweight mount and is galvanized for corrosion protection. The FRM mount is easily shipped via UPS.



MAST SPECIFICATIONS

Mount Part No.	Mast Part No.	Mast Description & Height			
FRM125	FY202	1.25" O.D. x 16 GA. x 5.0' (PG)			
FRM150 FY203		1.50" O.D. x 16 GA. x 2.5' (PG)			
FRM166 FY204		1.66" O.D. x 16 GA. x 2.5' (PG)			
FRM238	FY205	2.38" O.D. x 0.154" wall x 2.5' (HDG)			
FRM225	FY205SP	2.25" O.D. x 14 GA. x 5.0' (HDG)			
FRM238SP5	FY253	2.38" O.D. x 0.154" wall x 5.0' (HDG)			

PG = Pre-galvanized mast HDG = Hot-dip galvanized mast

FRM BALLAST REQUIREMENTS

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	Effective Projected Area (EPA) (FT²)	Ballast (LBS)	Zero Velocity Load (PSF)	Vs (MPH)	Vmax at centroid of projected area, (MPH)			
					h=2 FT	h=3 FT	h=4 FT	h=5 FT
	1	100 200 300 400	12 24 36 48	140 198 242 280	135 188 222 269	110 153 182 219 (197)	96 133 157 (154) 190 (154)	85 119 141 (131) 170 (131)
	2	100 200 300 400	12 24 36 48	99 140 171 198	96 133 157 190	78 108 129 155 (139)	68 94 111 134(109)	60 84 99 (93) 120 (93)
	3	100 200 300 400	12 24 36 48	81 114 140 161	78 108 128 155	64 88 105 127 (114)	55 77 91 (89) 110 (89)	49 68 81 (76) 98 (76)

h = Distance from support surface to centroid of EPA.

Vs = Effective wind velocity resulting in sliding on a flat surface with a .50 coefficient of friction.

Vmax = Effective wind velocity based on strength or overturning.

NOTE: The velocities in () apply to the FRM125 mount when the strength of the FRM125 mast governs.